Amendments to the Specification

Please add the following paragraph after the title line on page 1:

[0000] This application is a divisional application of U.S. Patent Application Serial No.

09/987,147 which is based upon and claims benefit of Japanese Patent Applications No.

2000-351639 filed on November 17, 2000, No. 2001-62970 filed on July 3, 2001, and No.

2001-275485 filed on November 9, 2001, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference.

Please replace paragraph [0001] with the following amended paragraph:

[0001] The present invention relates to a valve attached to a fuel tank, valve which is disposed in a fuel tank of vehicles, such as automobiles, and the like.

Please replace paragraph [0005] with the following amended paragraph:

[0005] Hence, a liquid-fuel flow-out inhibition valve has been disposed conventionally in the fuel tank in order to inhibit a liquid fuel from flowing out from the evaporator opening. For example, in Fig. 16, there is illustrated a cross-sectional view of a conventional liquid-fuel flow-out inhibition valve. The conventional liquid-fuel flowing-out inhibition valve comprises a cover 101 and a case 102. The cover 101 is formed on an upper portion of a fuel tank 100 integrally therewith. The case 102 is provided with an evaporator opening 103, which is formed through an upper portion of the case 102, and a floating valve 105, which is disposed in the case 2 102, and is engaged with an opening end of the cover 101 by an engagement claw 104. Note that the cover 101 communicates with an evaporator circuit that is not shown. Moreover, an

O ring 106 is disposed in a space between an inner peripheral surface of the cover 101 and an outer peripheral surface of the case 102, and secures a liquid-proof ability.

Please replace paragraph [0063] with the following amended paragraph:

[0063] Similarly to Example No. 1 described above, in Example No. 2 as well, the cover 2, the case 3 and the floating valve 32 are produced first by injection molding. Subsequently, the male screw 30 of the case 3 is screwed into the female screw 20 of the cover 2. In this instance, the ring-shaped rib 35 of the case 3 approaches the ring-shaped groove 26 of the ease_cover 2 gradually. Then, the leading end of the ring-shaped rib 35 enters into the ring-shaped groove 26, the The screwing is terminated when the leading end of the ring-shaped rib 35 is pressed onto and contacted with the inner wall of the ring-shaped groove 26. Thus, the liquid-proof ability between the case 3 and the cover 2 is secured by pressing the leading end of the ring-shaped rib 35 onto and contacting it with the inner wall of the ring-shaped groove 26. Finally, the fuel tank 4 is welded onto the connector portion 22. Thus, the liquid-fuel flow-out inhibition valve 1 of Example No. 2 is completed.

Please replace paragraph [0115] with the following amended paragraph:

[0115] In Example No. 9, the cover 2, the case 3 and the floating valve 32 are first produced by injection molding. Subsequently, the press-in portion 82 of the case 3 is pressed in into the inner cylinder-shaped portion of the ease cover 2. Finally, the fuel tank 4 is welded onto the connector portion 22. Thus, the liquid-fuel flow-out inhibition valve 1 of Example No. 9 is completed.

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Please replace paragraph [0122] with the following amended paragraph:

[0122] In Example No. 10, the cover 2, the case 3 and the floating valve 32 are first produce by injection molding. Subsequently, the press-in portion 82 of the case 3 is pressed in into the inner cylinder-shaped portion of the ease cover 2. Finally, the fuel tank 4 is welded onto the connector portion 22. Thus, the liquid-fuel flow-out inhibition valve 1 of Example No. 10 is completed.